

Naburn CE Primary School Parents' Y6 Assessment Meeting 2021 16.12.21

Aims of the session



- To share important information about KS2 assessment, including SATs
- To answer any questions about KS2 SATs
- Discuss / share ideas about how you as a parent can help your child at home

How are the children assessed?

There are two ways, both of which are reported to parents:

- Formal testing (SATs)
- Teacher Assessed judgements



What are KS2 SATs?

Statutory Assessment Tests



- All Y6 pupils have to sit tests before they go to secondary school
- They provide assessment information for the primary and secondary schools and parents
- In doing so, they assign a national standard to the assessment information passed on by a primary school
- These tests reflect the 2014 curriculum and associated standards – new in 2016 (4th year)

What does Teacher Assessment involve?



 Teacher assessment draws together everything the teacher, or teachers, know about a child, including observations, marked work and school assessments.

 It is especially important for writing as there is no test for this aspect – this is based on teacher assessment alone. Samples are checked across schools to ensure the national standards are applied.

What information will be reported to parents now NC levels have been scrapped?

- From the assessments, your child gains a raw score (the actual number of marks they got in an assessment) which is then converted into a scaled score. A scaled score of 100 is used to show the National Expected Standard. A score above 100 indicates a child achieved above the EXS; a scaled score below 100 indicates they achieved below the EXS. This scaled score is reported.
- A Teacher Assessed judgement according to given criteria.
- N.B. A child can achieve a scaled score below 100 and still be Teacher Assessed as being at the Expected Standard.



KS2 Result – Scaled Score

110+	Higher Standard
101 – 109	Above Expected Standard
100	Expected Standard
99-80	Below Expected Standard



Subject	Teacher Assessment Bands	National Curriculum Test
Reading	 Working at the expected standard 	Externally set, externally marked test
Writing	 Working towards the expected standard Working at the expected standard Working at greater depth within the expected standard 	No writing test. There is a separate English grammar, punctuation and spelling test
Maths	 Working at the expected standard 	Externally set, externally marked test (x3 papers; 1 arithmetic and 2 reasoning)
Science	 Working at the expected standard 	Biennial sample tests



How is SATs week organised?

•A timetable is issued to school, telling us on which days tests must be administered.

•All children must sit the tests at the same time.

•Test papers are opened in front of the children at the appropriate time.

•Tests are completed in our school dining room and Year 6 Classrooms.





Year 6 SATs Week 9th – 13th May 2022

Monday 9 th May	Grammar and punctuation - 45 minutes Spelling test – no time limit
Tuesday 10 th May	English reading test - 1 hour
Wednesday 11 th May	Paper 1 Arithmetic – 30 minutes Paper 2 Reasoning – 40 minutes
Thursday 12 th May	Paper 3 Reasoning – 40 minutes

During SATs week:



•Please ensure that your child is in school, **on time**, every day.

•Please don't book anything during this week e.g. doctor's appointments, unauthorised holidays etc.

•If your child is ill, let us know immediately.



English SATs: Reading Test

- 1 hour to read booklet and answer questions (50 marks)
- There will be 3 texts and sets of questions which are all different difficulty levels.
- There are a variety of different questions to be answered in different ways.



English SATs: Reading Test

There are 4 main types of questions on the reading paper:

- •Literal answer is there in the text
- **Deductive** look for clues
- •Inferential read between the lines

•<u>Authorial intent</u> – e.g. why does an author use a particular word



Sentence from: 'A Day in the English Countryside'

As the afternoon light started to fade, the cow stopped eating grass, stood instead with its head over the gate and gazed expectantly down the lane.

- 1. How light was it? (Literal)
- 2. What three things did the cow do? (Literal)
- 3. What time of day was it? (Deductive)
- 4. Where was the cow? (Deductive)



- 5. What do you think the cow was expecting? (Inferential)
- 6. What strategies does the writer use to give the reader so much information in a single sentence? (Authorial intent)

How can parents help with reading?

- Ensure your child reads every night!
- Encourage them to read fiction and non-fiction.
- Try to ask them questions about the text.
- Help them with the different skills of reading especially 'skim' reading where they are looking for key words in the text.

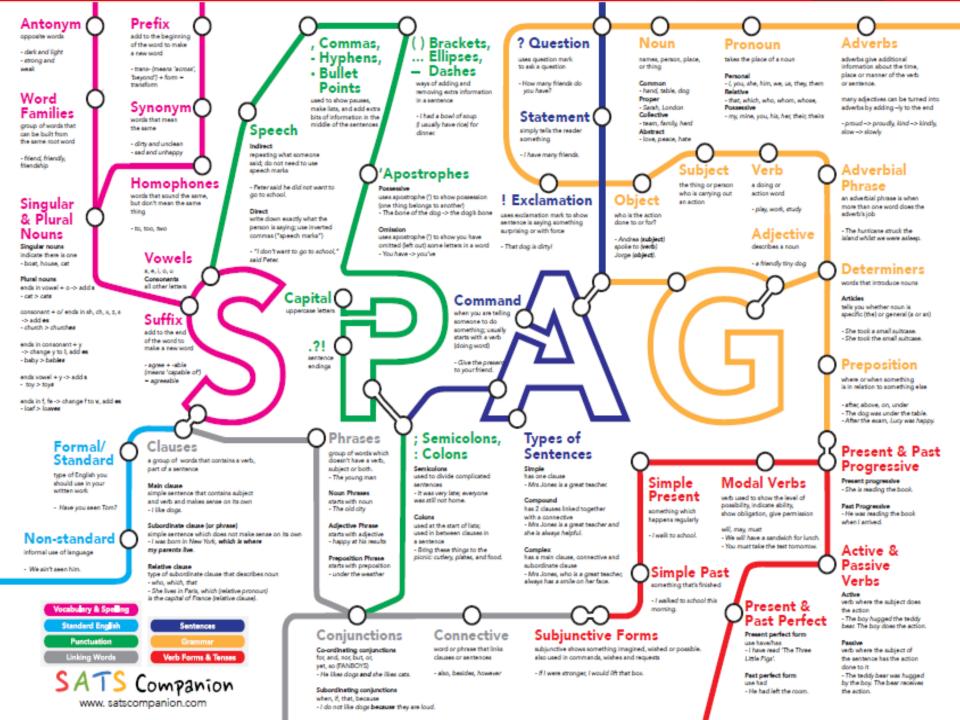


English SATs: Spelling, punctuation and grammar (SPaG)



- 45 minute test on grammar (50 marks)
- 20 spellings (20 marks)





Spelling, punctuation and grammar (SPaG/ESPG)

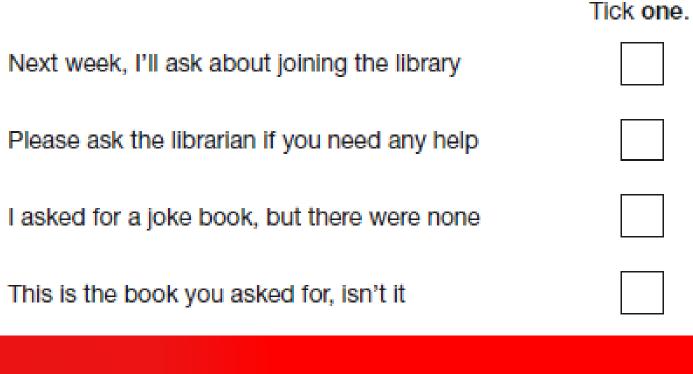
 There are different ways to answer questions:







Tick the sentence that must end with a question mark.







Once Harry had checked the weather forecast, he set off on his walk.

Whilst climbing up the mountain, he was unaware of the dangers ahead.

He needed to turn back immediately since a storm was coming.

26

Circle all the words in the sentences below that should start with a capital letter.

henry tudor married his first wife, catherine, in june 1509. they married in london.



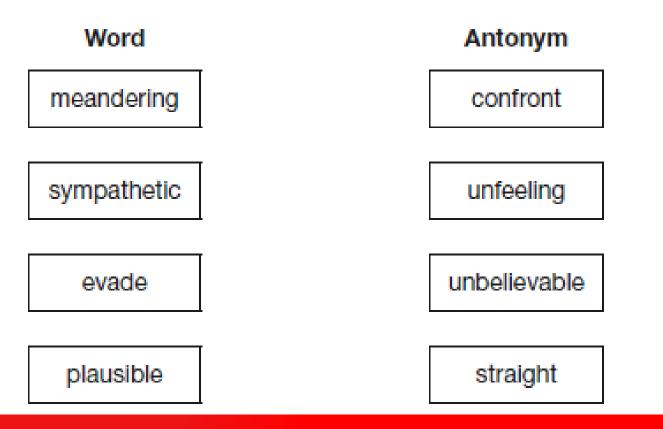
Underline the verb form that is in the present perfect in the passage below.

Rachel loves music and has wanted to learn how to play the plano for years. She was hoping for plano lessons, and was delighted when her parents gave her a keyboard for her birthday.





Draw a line to match each word to its correct antonym.





Write a sentence that lists all the information given in the box below. Remember to punctuate your answer correctly.

Milkshake ingredients

bananas

semi-skimmed milk

honey

marshmallows (for decoration)



Teacher Assessment of writing All statements MUST be demonstrated

Working towards the expected standard

The pupil can:

- *write for a range of purposes
- * use paragraphs to organise ideas
- * in narratives, describe settings and characters



^{*}in non-narrative writing, use simple devices to structure the —writing and si reader (e.g. headings, sub-headings, bullet points)

use capital letters, full stops, question marks, commas for lists and apostrophes for contraction mostly correctly

[®]spell correctly most words from the year 3 / year 4 spelling list, and some words from the year 5 / year 6 spelling list*

* write legibly.1

* These are detailed in the word lists within the spelling appendix to the national curriculum (English Appendix 1). Teachers should refer to these to exemplify the words that pupils should be able to spell.

1 At this standard, there is no specific requirement for a pupil's handwriting to be joined.

Un the Blue Bafire water was a colossal ship called the Titanic It had distinctively 1st and 3rd Class.

Wealthy people smiled at their peautiful and expensive accomodation while the poor threw their bugs on their burk bed all Squashed.

ne you look up you would see the gigontic, elegant towers touching the white colds in the blue sky, While you look down on the floors and look on the walls and chairs you could see a Sparkly clear reflection of yourself. It was so clean you could kiss the floor. Expensive clothes and jewelling (which were name brands) were brought to them by well spoken ladies and gentelmen scralling in the deck. The Smartly dressed caption wore a blue blazer with golden butters and blue Trousers with a plain black and blue hat. His name was couplin Smith, he looked impecable! On the other side there were the cres, who were not so lucky so they slept in ordinary bedrooms and they had their meak in the contine. However they enjoyed themselfes and had time to dream about their Fulure in a new country.

Inmediately, I Smeelt the goodness of bread fresh bread and Salty fresh Salt fish as I walk done the Kaos Street's. As I rappidly rushed down the Street, I hid Carefully so the police-man do did not See me to or the don't Send me back to the work house and the smake. pathwent

Hardly out of breath, I working walk done the wet path past the dog and hard the horses troting across the brick reds redes Path Path Paths and the hosie of two women having a argument about something that I don't even X know about.

I tell really scard because my mother isn't with me and news because some one could snot snoch me tike the police could snoch me and take me to there have or take me to q Jail till I get dder and let me out.

The Sight that I See are Shops, billudings, people and Structures like the Shord, the Big ben and the speur.

Teacher Assessment of writing

The Expected Standard can be achieved without handwriting demonstrated

Working at the expected standard

The pupil can:

- *write effectively for a range of purposes and audiences, selecting language that shows good awareness of the reader (e.g. the use of the first person in a diary; direct address in instructions) and persuasive writing)
- st in narratives, describe settings, characters and atmosphere
- ^{*}integrate dialogue in narratives to convey character and advance the action
- [®]select vocabulary and grammatical structures that reflect what the writing requires, doing this mostly appropriately (e.g. using contracted forms in dialogues in narrative; using passive verbs to affect how information is presented; using modal verbs to suggest degrees of possibility)
- ⁸use a range of devices to build cohesion (e.g. conjunctions, adverbials of time and place, pronouns, synonyms) within and across paragraphs
- use verb tenses consistently and correctly throughout their writing
- ^{*}use the range of punctuation taught at key stage 2 mostly correctly^ (e.g. inverted commas and other punctuation to indicate direct speech)
- *spell correctly most words from the year 5 / year 6 spelling list,* and use a dictionary to check the spelling of uncommon or more ambitious vocabulary
- st maintain legibility in joined handwriting when writing at speed.



Long ago in a small village near an ancient Maga. city, & young by named Votan was in great danger. There was drought - a big drought that had been going on for several weeks, The crops and water ware cutting. Shork; citizens were becoming ill and were complaining of thirst and hunger. Determined Go Save his village, Brave Votas decided to sure his willage visit the store temple in the centre of the village under cover of plead for mercy," he whispered. "If it doesn't rain we will ... " he gulped. "We will all starre and die. "

The Most brutal ball game in History

- Objectives
- The objective of this old game was to work together to not drop the ball using your hip, knee, right elbow or arms (not hands)-some Sources suggest that the feet ant are not allowed - at the same time trying to hit the ball through a hoop. If the ball dropped or was placed through a "small hoop 20 feet high on a sloped wall, the game would end." Various games work on for several days.

Consequences In this treacherous sport they had consequences that were a matter of life and death. Sources suggest that the losing team were sacrificed to the gods and possibly the successful captain as it was said it was a free licket to heaven. As a celebration the victorious participants were given a great feast.

A short horror story

If only Jake had listened to Ben's warning, if only he had heeded the wornings they'd been given, if only he didn't take Kellic Actley. Then his story would be different, so different.

It was the same most evenings. Except this time an emergency assembly was called due. to a nurderer escoping from Glack Forest Prison... "He is a known to be extremely dangerous... he has a hock instead of a hard," draned the teacher.

"Let's go quick," urged Ano Ben, "faster the better right."

"Yeah, we should," agreed Jake.

Teacher Assessment of writing

Working at greater depth

The pupil can:

• write effectively for a range of purposes and audiences, selecting the appropriate form and drawing independently on what they have read as models for their own writing (e.g. literary language, characterisation, structure)

distinguish between the language of speech and writing3 and choose the appropriate register

• exercise an assured and conscious control over levels of formality, particularly through manipulating grammar and vocabulary to achieve this

 use the range of punctuation taught at key stage 2 correctly (e.g. semi-colons, dashes, colons, hyphens) and, when necessary, use such punctuation precisely to enhance meaning and avoid ambiguity.[^]

[There are no additional statements for spelling or handwriting]

These are detailed in the word lists within the spelling appendix to the national curriculum (English Appendix 1). Teachers should refer to these to exemplify the words that pupils should be able to spell.

^ This relates to punctuation taught in the national curriculum, which is detailed in the grammar and punctuation appendix to the national curriculum (English Appendix 2). Pupils are expected to be able to use the range of punctuation shown here in their writing, but this does not mean that every single punctuation mark must be evident.

2 The national curriculum states that pupils should be taught to 'use the diagonal and horizontal strokes that are needed to join letters and understand which letters, when adjacent to one another, are best left unjoined'.

3 Pupils should recognise that certain features of spoken language (e.g. contracted verb forms, other grammatical informality, colloquial expressions, long coordinated sentences) are less likely in writing and be able to select alternative vocabulary and grammar.





Homo ergaster

This primative creature started life 1.7 million years ago; there was a gradual climate change across the world where the weather became cooler and the 'human' that was living had to adapt to the environment it was in.

These 'humans' lived on the ground, not in the trees like the creatures that lived before them.

Homo neanderthalensis

These thoughtful creatures lived between 1 million and 500,000 years ago. They had short and wide bodies to conserve their heat so they could keep warm when it was cold.

These 'humans' moved around a vot and built many shelters using mud, leaves, sticks, and branches that could be found in their environment. Thirty-two hours of fear have ended now that Matthew Bryce has been safely rescued from the North Sea.

Yesterday morning, at 11.30am, a missing man by the name of Matthew Bryce was finally rescued thirteen miles from the coastline of Masrihanish Beach after he had engaged in a surfing trip which became exceedingly dangerous.

Rescuing Matthew:

As the evening of Monday 1st May drew in, rescue workers became increasingly anxious as the disappearance of Matthew Bryce, aged 22 from Glasgow, reached its thirty-first hour. Family and friends, worried about his whereabouts, undertook searches of their own in the hope that they would find the young university student. At 7:10pm a local fisherman made a telephone call to the coastguard: this was the communication that Matthew's friends, relatives and the rescue workers who were searching for him were waiting to receive. John Smithson, aged 45, was returning to land after a long day spent fishing in the deeper waters of the North Sea when he was forced to stop his vessel's engine.

"I panicked when I saw something in the water in front of my boat," John commented, as he spoke in an interview with a journalist from The Daily Express earlier today. "If I'd have carried on the way I was heading, I would've run Within minutes, the rescue team, who were already scouring the surrounding area for Matthew, made their way to the location of the fisherman's boat. Upon their arrival, a full-scale rescue mission began and two highly qualified paramedics were hoisted down from the helicopter to treat Matthew in the ocean. Connecting him to their secure equipment, and covering him in a foil blanket, he was then raised back out of the water and taken to Belfast hospital's emergency unit to receive treatment for hypothermia.

Hospitalisation

Matthew had suffered from hypothermia while he was in the water; however, it was reported that he was still conscious as he reached Belfast. The doctor confirmed that he had only survived this treacherous 32 hour struggle in the ocean due to the fact that he was wearing a new wetsuit but, most importantly, he used his surfboard as a buoyancy aid so that he could float in the water.

One of Matthew's family members (his mother, Isabella Bryce) was interviewed this morning; here are her exact words:

"The last 32 hours I've had my heart in my mouth – what if he doesn't come back alive? What if I never see him again? All of these questions have been pounding in my

Guils' smart shoe



One should not be too concerned about the basic look of this shoe as although it is quite uninteresting and dull, this is actually the exact look that the manufacturer was

hoping for. The overall style of this shoe is smart therefore it is suitable to be worn at school, or during an important occasion such as a family outing or fundred. The shoe itself is black, flat and stylish; the reason for this is due to the fact that children are required to dress presentably for school, and consequently are not allowed to have brightly coloured, patterned or styled shoes. They are well-known by their everyday name, the dolly choe; they do not have any laces to they are easy to slip on and off. Furthermore, they are produced using leather (this means that they will last for a longer time than a synthetic material and they are value for your money). Mostly, the dolly shoe attracts young girls: the metal heart at the front of the toe and the very small heel, which is situated at the rear of the shoe, draw the attention of the female target audience.

Huggsie Learing Bear 3

Attention all parents and carers who wish to get prepared early for Christmas this year - look no further and listen here! Are your little ones becoming bored of playing with their old. wont out teddy bears? Do your need some help to advance your little angel's education? Wouldn't it be fantastic if thou could meet the are expected standards before they even begin learning in the foundation Stage? Well, we have a new, interactive product that you will be keen to snap up! The Huggsie Learning Bear is a wonderful and thilling product which will entertain as well as educate your child while they have the time of their lives playing and responding to his every request! We promise you that this outstanding bear will have your children giggling for hours upon end with its huge range of games, songs and so much

The final battle

"Arvid and Eamon, my forever friends, tomorrow I shall face my final assignment," Biorn stated while sharpening his sword. "I have fought endless battles and I have survived every single one; however, my scars are aching and my bones are growing weaker. I must defeat the ferocious Fenrir."

The fearless Viking stopped sharpening his weapon and pulled his forever friends towards him. "My dreams are filled with Valhalla and the gold, shiny gates that will be waiting when I die an honourable death; I will finally get to lay my weapons down for the very last time," he said quietly. "As soon as the sun rises, I shall set off to kill the Fenrir and what will be, will be."

Arvid and Eamon remained completely silent. They had stood by their trustworthy friend during many of his battles and they both felt the pain he had spoken of; his words angrily wrenched at their hearts but they knew that Biorn's choice had been made and they respected this.

Mathematics



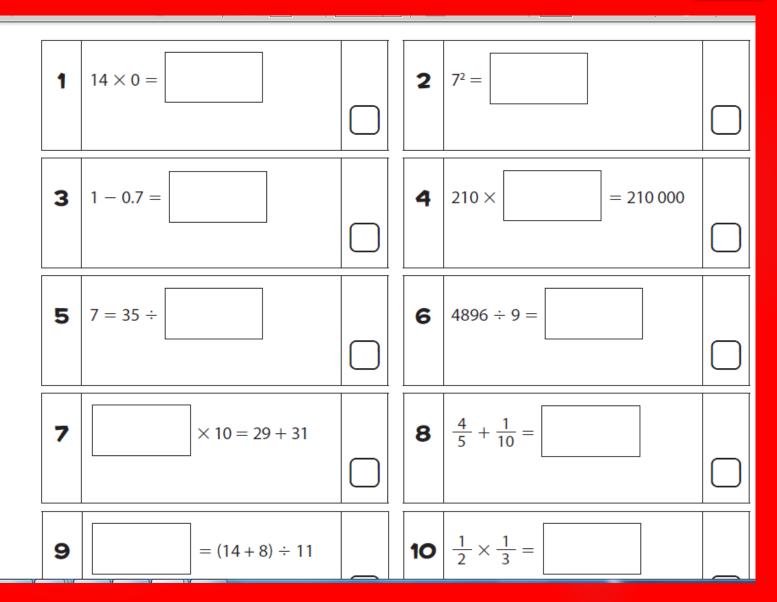
Mathematics SATs consist of:

- •Paper 1 Arithmetic 30 minutes (40 marks)
- Paper 2 Reasoning 40 minutes (35 marks)
- Paper 3 Reasoning 40 minutes (35 marks)

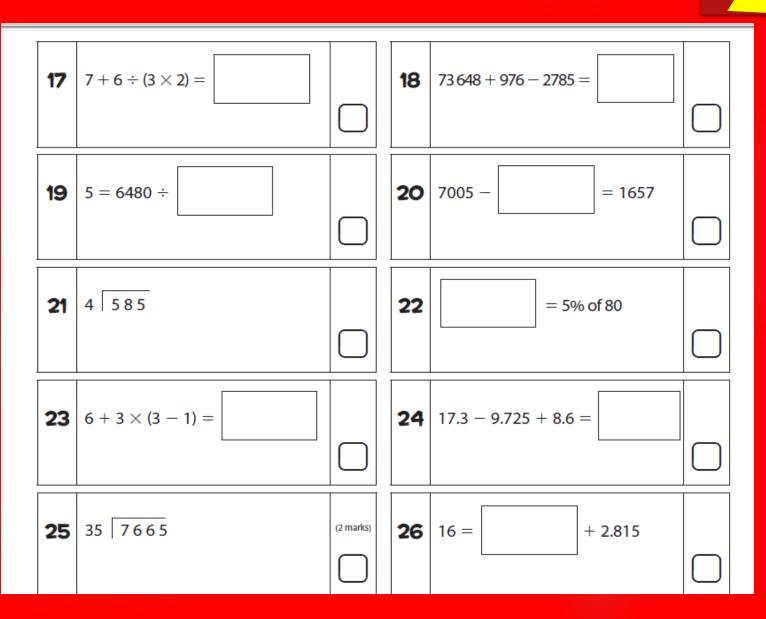
Calculators are not permitted







Typical arithmetic questions





Mathematics Papers 2 and 3



•Some questions are worth one mark and therefore accuracy is important.

•Other questions are worth two marks and even if the answer is wrong, a mark may be given for correct working.

•Teachers may read questions in both written papers to pupils if asked.

How can parents help with Mathematics?

•Support with homework – not just helping with the Maths but reading the question can really help.

•TIMES TABLES!!!

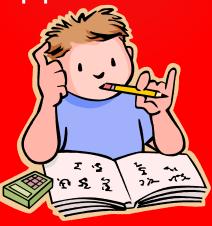


•Help your child to check their work through – this will help them to spot mistakes that can sometimes be easily fixed.

What are we doing to help pupils prepare for the SATs?

- Focused quality teaching
- Teaching assistant support
- Booster Groups and One to One Support
- Homework
- Test preparation
- Encouragement!





How can parents help?



•The best help is interest taken in learning and progress.

•Supporting homework.



Suitable environment for completing homework tasks

•Good communication between the school and home.

Ensuring attendance at school from now until SATs

Useful Website



www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/ks2/







www.cgpbooks.co.uk/Parent/books_ks2

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Thank you Any questions...?